INTEGRABLE SUB-RIEMANNIAN GEODESIC FLOW IN THE ENGEL TYPE GROUP.

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The Engel-type group, denoted as Eng(n), is a (2n+2)-dimensional Carnot group equipped with a non-integrable distribution of rank (n + 1). Every Carnot group © admits the structure of a subRiemannian manifold. Given a Carnot group with a subRiemannian structure, there exists a Hamiltonian function $H_{sR}: T^*\mathbb{G} \to \mathbb{R}$ such that its solutions, when projected to \mathbb{G} , correspond to geodesics. When n=1, $\operatorname{Eng}(n)$ reduces to the classical Engel group, whose sub-Riemannian geodesic flow is integrable when endowed with left-invariant subRiemannian metric. In joint work with Enrico Le Donne and Nicola Paddeu, we extend this setting by endowing $\operatorname{Eng}(n)$ with a left-invariant sub-Riemannian metric. We define A as the maximal abelian subgroup of Eng(n). The action of A on Eng(n) gives rise to (n+2)integrals of motion. Together with the Hamiltonian function H_{sB} , this yields (n+3)constants of motion in involution. Next, we define a Hamiltonian group action of the special orthogonal group SO(n) on $T^*Eng(n)$ that preserves the Hamiltonian H_{sR} . This symmetry leads to additional, non-commutative constants of motion, and these integrals are quadratic in the momenta. Notably, the Hamiltonian group action of SO(n) on $T^* Eng(n)$ does not arise from a co-lift of an action of SO(n) on Eng(n). By exploiting these symmetries, we derive (n-1) new integrals of motion in involution, thereby ensuring that the sub-Riemannian geodesic flow is Liouville integrable. This construction thus provides:

- A new example of an integrable sub-Riemannian geodesic flow on a Carnot group with arbitrary rank distribution.
- A novel Hamiltonian group action that does not correspond to the co-lift of a group action.

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